DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Wilmington District, Corps of Engineers 69 Darlington Avenue Wilmington, North Carolina 28403-1343 http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/RegulatoryPermitProgram.aspx

General Permit No.198200079Name of Permittee:General PublicEffective Date:January 1, 2022Expiration Date:December 31, 2026

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY REGIONAL GENERAL PERMIT (RGP)

A RGP to perform work in or affecting navigable waters of the U.S. and waters of the U.S., upon recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of March 3, 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403), and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344), is hereby renewed and modified by authority of the Secretary of the Army by the

District Engineer U.S. Army Engineer District, Wilmington Corps of Engineers 69 Darlington Avenue Wilmington, North Carolina 28403-1343

TO AUTHORIZE MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES IN THE LAKES OWNED AND OPERATED BY THE WILMINGTON DISTRICT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WITHIN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. THESE INCLUDE JOHN H. KERR RESERVOIR, FALLS LAKE, B. EVERETT JORDAN LAKE AND W. KERR SCOTT RESERVOIR.

These four lakes are Civil Works water resource development projects operated by the Wilmington District Corps of Engineers (Corps). The congressionally authorized purposes of these lakes include hydroelectric power generation, flood storage, water supply, recreation, and fish and wildlife conservation. The lakes or the portions thereof located within North Carolina fall within Regulatory jurisdiction of the Wilmington District. The lakes or portions thereof located within Virginia fall within Regulatory jurisdiction of the Norfolk District. John H. Kerr Reservoir is a navigable water of the United States and is subject to the permit requirements of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. This RGP applies to all waters on or within lands owned or under flowage easement to the Corps. Activities authorized are:

a. Construction of piers, boat ramps, jetties and breakwater structures and installation of dolphins, pilings, and buoys; using commonly acceptable materials

such as pressure treated lumber, unsinkable flotation materials, and confined concrete.

- b. Maintenance dredging of accumulated sediments near boat basins and canals/channels where excavated material is placed and retained on high ground provided the total amount of material removed does not exceed 5,000 cubic yards.
- c. Stabilization of eroding shorelines utilizing appropriate bioengineering techniques, construction and backfill of bulkheads, and the placement of riprap material.
- d. Installation of submerged and aerial utility lines provided U.S. Coast Guard requirements for aerial lines are met and pre-project elevation contours are restored.
- e. Maintenance of existing water intake and outfall structures provided all State and Federal required authorizations have been obtained. Construction of new water intake and outfall structures are not authorized under this RGP.
- f. Dredging of accumulated sediments, when lake draw-down allows, with all excavated materials placed and retained on high ground provided the total amount of material removed does not exceed 5,000 cubic yards.

Procedures

a. Anyone wishing to accomplish work under the authority of this RGP must submit a request in writing to the Operations Project Manager (OPM) for the lake where the work would occur. The request should include: 1) name, address, and telephone number of prospective Permittee; 2) lot number, street address, and directions to the project location; 3) location of the proposed project, including a vicinity map; 4) a brief description of the proposed project; 5) a plan view of the proposed project including dimensions, and 6) location, and design, if applicable, of the disposal area for any excavated material. This RGP does not supersede any of the procedures, provisions, or requirements found within the Shoreline Management plans for John H Kerr Lake and W. Kerr Scott Lake.

b. Prior to the commencement of any work, the Permittee must receive written approval from the Operations Project Manager (OPM) and any required Corps real estate documents (license, lease, easement, consent to easement) authorizing work on government property. The OPM may deny requests for use of this RGP based on noncompliance with the Shoreline Management Plan, Master Plan, Operational Management Plan, or any other applicable policy or regulation. The OPM may include any additional conditions and/or restrictions that he or she determines to be appropriate. Failure to comply with the Special and General Conditions contained herein or any conditions and/or restrictions stipulated by the Operations Manager could result in a violation of Federal law and appropriate action by the Office of the U.S. Attorney.

Special Conditions

1. For construction of piers, and boat ramps:

a. To be authorized by this RGP, all piers shall be pile-supported. Piles, dolphins, jetties, and breakwater structures may be of wood, metal, or precast concrete. Breakwater structures will be designed to provide for adequate water circulation landward of the structures.

b. This RGP does not authorize construction across or into any natural or manmade channel or water body in any manner that may adversely affect navigation by the general public.

c. This RGP does not authorize placement of any pier segment or structure further waterward than allowed by the applicable Shoreline Management Plan for the reservoir when such Plan is in existence.

d. Piers and adjoining platforms, decks, and "L" and "T" sections will not cumulatively exceed the maximum allowable size of such structures identified in the reservoir's shoreline management plan. A pier may be constructed in and over wetland areas to allow access. Such piers shall be attached to the upland at a point landward of ordinary high water. All piers that cross wetland vegetation shall be an open-pile design, up to five (5) feet wide and have minimum elevation of at least four (4) feet between the decking and the wetland substrate. The required 4-foot elevation must be achieved at or above the ordinary high water mark.

e. Wooden jetties will not extend farther than 100 feet waterward of the NWL elevation contours.

f. Wood must be pressure-treated except in areas of boathouses or boat shelters protected from the weather.

g. If the display of lights and signals on the authorized structure is not otherwise provided for by law, such lights and signals as may be prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard will be installed and maintained by and at the expense of the Permittee.

h. This RGP does not authorize any habitable structure or associated facility for non-water related use.

i. Boat ramps will not exceed 20 feet in width. Multi-lane boat ramps greater than 20 feet in width are not authorized by this RGP. During boat ramp construction and maintenance, no fill or construction material may be placed in wetlands.

j. Excavation associated with boat ramp construction or maintenance is limited to the area necessary for site preparation and all excavated material must be removed to uplands.

k. This RGP does not authorize the installation of fueling facilities on authorized structures.

1. The pouring of concrete for the construction of boat ramps must be accomplished within a temporary cofferdam unless the activity can be performed completely in the dry, such as during lake draw-down periods. The introduction of uncured concrete into surface waters is prohibited. Cofferdams left in place after construction is completed require a Section 10 permit if located in navigable waters of the U.S.

2. For construction of bulkheads and backfill and placement of riprap:

a. The project must be necessary to combat an existing erosion problem. No material may be placed in excess of the minimum necessary for erosion protection.

b. Where wetlands are present along a shoreline, all shoreline stabilization activities (bio-engineering techniques, construction and backfill of bulkheads, and the placement of riprap material) must be undertaken landward of the wetlands. This RGP does not authorize the discharged of dredged of fill material within wetlands.

c. Bulkhead and riprap alignments will not extend farther waterward than an average distance of two (2) feet, maximum distance of five (5) feet from the ordinary high water mark and may not extend more than 500 feet along a shoreline.

d. Riprap, if required by the Operations Project Manager, will be placed at the base of all bulkheads, and will extend a maximum of three (3) feet waterward on a 2:1 slope. All other fill material will be confined landward of bulkheads.

e. Material placed for shoreline stabilization will not exceed an average of one cubic yard per running foot placed below the plane of the ordinary high water mark. Riprap material must consist of clean rock or masonry materials. The use of metal products, organic materials, petroleum-based materials, or unsightly debris is prohibited.

f. To the maximum extent practicable, discharges must not permanently restrict or impede the passage of normal or expected high flows or cause the relocation of the water.

g. No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake except where the discharge is for adjacent bank stabilization.

h. Any large woody debris present at the edge of the water shall be left in place or, moved temporarily and replaced after the stabilization work is complete. If large woody debris is moved and replaced, the debris must be adequately anchored, of sufficient weight, or installed in a manner that prevents relocation in most wave action or water flow conditions, except for extremely severe storms. Large woody debris is natural wood (trees, limbs, and roots) that is greater than 4" in diameter and greater than 6' in length.

3. For excavation and dredging:

a. Excavation for the removal of accumulated sediment from existing basins, access channels and boats slips must not exceed the lesser of the previously authorized depths or controlling depths for ingress/egress. Under no circumstances can the dredged material exceed 5,000 cubic yards. Construction of dead end canals is not permitted under this RGP. Dredging and excavation is prohibited within wetlands or vegetated shallows.

b. To avoid potential impacts to fish spawning areas, excavation activities will not occur during the months of March, April, May, or June of any year.

c. Dredging will be limited to channelward of the ordinary high water mark. Finished depths will not exceed the depth of the receiving waters channelward of the work.

d. All excavated material will be disposed of in approved upland disposal area and confined by adequate dikes or other retaining structures to prevent erosion and sedimentation into adjacent waters or wetlands. The temporary placement or double handling of excavated or fill material waterward of the ordinary high water mark is not authorized.

e. Return water from upland, contained disposal areas must comply with the terms and conditions of the applicable Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certifications for this RGP and NWP 16 issued by the North Carolina Division of Water Resources.

4. For installation of submerged and aerial power lines and utility lines:

 a. 1. Utility lines consisting of aerial electric power transmission and communications lines crossing navigable waters of the U.S. (which are defined at 33 CFR part 329) must comply with the applicable minimum clearances specified in 33 CFR 322.5(i).

2. The work area authorized by this permit, including temporary and/or permanent fills, will be minimized to the greatest extent practicable. Justification for work corridors exceeding forty (40) feet in width is required and will be based on pipeline diameter and length, size of equipment required to construct the utility line, and other construction information deemed necessary

to support the request. The Permittee is required to provide this information to the Corps with the PCN package.

3. A plan to restore and re-vegetate wetland areas cleared for construction must be submitted with the required PCN. Cleared wetland areas shall be revegetated, as appropriate, with species of canopy, shrub, and herbaceous species. The Permittee shall not use fescue grass or any other species identified as invasive or exotic species by the NC Native Plant Society (NCNPS): https://ncwildflower.org/invasive-exotic-species-list/.

4. Any permanently maintained corridor along the utility right of way within forested wetlands shall be considered a loss of aquatic function. A compensatory mitigation plan will be required for all such impacts associated with the requested activity if the activity requires a PCN and the cumulative total of permanent conversion of forested wetlands exceeds 0.1 acres, unless the District Engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal.

Where permanently maintained corridor within forested wetlands is 0.1 acres or less, the District Engineer may determine, on a case-by-case basis, that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

5. When directional boring or horizontal directional drilling (HDD) under waters of the U.S., including wetlands, Permittees shall closely monitor the project for hydraulic fracturing or "fracking." Any discharge from hydraulic fracturing or "fracking" into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, shall be reported to the appropriate Corps Regulatory Field Office within 48 hours. Restoration and/or compensatory mitigation may be required as a result of any unintended discharges.

b. If the Permittee must obtain an easement, license, lease, or consent to easement for access to or across utility company, private or government property, such permissions must be obtained prior to commencement of work.

c. If the permitted work is on lands subject to an easement in favor of the United States for the maintenance and operation of the lake, the Permittee will remove such structures and improvements at their own expense in the event that, in the judgement of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers acting on behalf of the United States, the lands are needed at any time for any purpose within the scope of the easement. All construction within the easement, either temporary or permanent, must be in compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable easement estate.

General Conditions

a. Except as authorized by this RGP or any Corps approved modification to this RGP, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place within waters or wetlands, at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project. This RGP does not authorize temporary placement or double handling of excavated or fill material within waters or wetlands outside the permitted area. This prohibition applies to all borrow and fill activities connected with this project.

b. Authorization under this RGP does not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations.

c. All work authorized by this RGP must comply with the terms and conditions of the applicable Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this RGP issued by the North Carolina Division of Water Resources or the Virginia Division of Water Quality.

d. The Permittee shall employ all sedimentation and erosion control measures necessary to prevent an increase in sedimentation or turbidity within waters and wetlands outside the permit area. This shall include, but is not limited to, the immediate installation of silt fencing or similar appropriate devices around all areas subject to soil disturbance or the movement of earthen fill, and the immediate stabilization of all disturbed areas. Additionally, the project must remain in full compliance with all aspects of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 113A Article 4).

e. The activities authorized by this RGP must not interfere with the public's right to free navigation on all navigable waters of the U.S. No attempt will be made by the Permittee to prevent the full and free use by the public of all navigable waters at or adjacent to the authorized work for a reason other than safety.

f. The Permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his/her authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the Permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

g. The Permittee, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of the permit for the verified individual activity, may apply for an individual permit, or will, without expense to the United States and in such time and manner as the Secretary of the Army or his/her authorized representative may direct, restore the affected water of the United States to its former conditions.

h. The Permittee will allow the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District Engineer or his/her representative to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to assure that the activity is being performed or maintained in strict accordance with the Special and General Conditions of this RGP.

i. This RGP does not authorize any activity that would conflict with a federal project's congressionally authorized purposes, established limitations or restrictions, or limit an agency's ability to conduct necessary operation and maintenance functions. Per Section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, as amended (33 U.S.C. 408), no project that has the potential to take possession of or make use of for any purpose, or build upon, alter, deface, destroy, move, injure, or obstruct a federally constructed work or project, including, but not limited to, levees, dams, jetties, navigation channels, borrow areas, dredged material disposal sites, flood control projects, etc., shall be permitted unless the project has been reviewed and approved by the appropriate Corps approval authority.

j. This RGP does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

k. This RGP does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

1. This RGP does not authorize the interference with any existing or proposed federal project.

m. In issuing this RGP, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:

(1) Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.

(2) Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.

(3) Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this RGP.

(4) Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.

(5) Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this RGP.

n. Authorization provided by this RGP may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part if the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District Engineer, acting for the Secretary of the Army, determines that such action would be in the best public interest. The term of this RGP shall be five (5) years unless subject to modification, suspension, or revocation. Any modification, suspension or revocation of this authorization will not be the basis for any claim for damages against the United States Government.

o. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or "study river" (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, etc.)

p. In cases where the Wilmington District Engineer determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places and its codified regulations, the National Historic Preservation Amendment Acts of 1980 and 1992, the Abandoned Shipwreck Act of 1987 and the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied. Permittees must submit the information described in Procedure "a" to the appropriate Corps Regulatory field office if any properties subject to the above criteria may be affected by the proposed project. The Permittee may not begin work until notified by the Corps Regulatory office that the requirements of the NHPA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized.

q. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural, or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this RGP, you must immediately notify the Wilmington District engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The Wilmington District Engineer will initiate the Federal, tribal, and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

r. No activity is authorized under this RGP which is likely to jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species directly or indirectly or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any RGP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed*. Information on threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the Corps field offices, the USFWS field offices or at the following web addresses: <u>http://www.fws.gov/</u> or <u>http://www.fws.gov/ipac/</u> or <u>http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html</u>. Permittees must submit the information described in Procedure "a" to the appropriate Corps Regulatory field office if any properties subject to the above criteria may be affected by the proposed

project. Permittees may not begin work until notified by the Corps Regulatory office that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized.

*Note - Section 7 consultation has been completed for the Northern long-eared bat and the Permittee will only have to notify the district engineer if the project meets the criteria described in General Condition "s".

s. The Wilmington District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has consulted with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) in regard to the threatened Northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) and Standard Local Operating Procedures for Endangered Species (SLOPES) have been approved by the Corps and the USFWS. This condition concerns effects to the NLEB only and does not address effects to other federally listed species and/or federally designated critical habitat.

A. Procedures when the Corps is the lead federal* agency for a project:

The Permittee must comply with (1) and (2) below when:

• the project is located in the western 41 counties of North Carolina, to include non-federal aid North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) projects, OR;

• the project is located in the 59 eastern counties of North Carolina and is a non-NCDOT project.

*Generally, if a project is located on private property or on non-federal land, and the project is not being funded by a federal entity, the Corps will be the lead federal agency due to the requirement to obtain Department of the Army authorization to impact waters of the U.S. If the project is located on federal land, contact the Corps to determine the lead federal agency.

(1) A Permittee using an RGP must check to see if their project is located in the range of the NLEB by using the following website:

<u>http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/pdf/WNSZone.pdf</u>. If the project is within the range of the NLEB, <u>or</u> if the project includes percussive activities (e.g., blasting, pile driving, etc.), the Permittee is then required to check the appropriate website in the paragraph below to discover if their project:

• is located in a 12-digit Hydrologic Unit Code area ("red HUC" - shown as red areas on the map), AND/OR;

• involves percussive activities within 0.25 mile of a red HUC.

Red HUC maps - for the western 41 counties in NC (covered by the Asheville Ecological Services Field Office), check the project location against the electronic maps found at:

<u>http://www.fws.gov/asheville/htmls/project_review/NLEB_in_WNC.html</u>. For the eastern 59 counties in NC (covered by the Raleigh Ecological Services Field Office), check the project location against the electronic maps found at: <u>https://www.fws.gov/raleigh/NLEB_RFO.html</u>.

(2) A Permittee <u>must</u> submit a PCN to the District Engineer, and receive written verification from the District Engineer, prior to commencing the activity, if the activity will involve <u>any</u> of the following:

- tree clearing/removal and/or, construction/installation of wind turbines in a red HUC, AND/OR;
- bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, (applies anywhere in the range of the NLEB), AND/OR:
- percussive activities in a red HUC, or within 0.25 mile of a red HUC.

The Permittee may proceed with the activity without submitting a PCN to either the Corps or the USFWS, provided the activity complies with all applicable RGP terms and conditions, if the Permittee's review under A.(1) and A.(2) above shows that the project is:

- located <u>outside</u> of a red HUC (and there are no percussive activities), and the activity will NOT include bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, OR;
- located <u>outside</u> of a red HUC and there are percussive activities, but the percussive activities will <u>not</u> occur within 0.25-mile of a red HUC boundary, and the activity will NOT include bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, OR;
- located in a red HUC, but the activity will NOT include tree clearing/removal; construction/installation of wind turbines; bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, and/or; <u>any</u> percussive activities.
- B. Procedures when the USACE is not the lead federal agency:

For projects where another federal agency is the lead federal agency - if that other federal agency has completed project-specific ESA Section 7(a)(2) consultation for the NLEB, and has (1) determined that the project would not cause prohibited incidental take of the NLEB, and (2) completed coordination/consultation that is required by the USFWS (per the directions on the respective USFWS office's website), that project may proceed without PCN to either the USACE or the USFWS, provided all General and Regional Permit Conditions are met.

The NLEB SLOPES can be viewed on the USACE website at: <u>http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/ESA/</u>. Permittees who do not have internet access may contact the USACE at (910) 251-4633.

t. The Wilmington District, USFWS, NCDOT, and the FHWA have conducted programmatic Section 7(a)(2) consultation for a number of federally listed species and designated critical habitat (DCH), and programmatic consultation concerning other federally listed species and/or DCH may occur in the future. The result of completed programmatic consultation is a Programmatic Biological Opinion (PBO) issued by the USFWS. These PBOs contain mandatory terms and conditions to implement the reasonable and prudent measures that are associated with "incidental take" of whichever species or critical habitat is covered by a specific PBO. Authorization under this RGP is conditional upon the Permittee's compliance with all the mandatory terms and conditions associated with incidental take of the applicable PBO (or PBOs), which are incorporated by reference in this RGP. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions associated with incidental take of an applicable PBO, where a take of the federally listed species occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take by the Permittee, and would also constitute Permittee non-compliance with the authorization under the RGPs. If the terms and conditions of a specific PBO (or PBOs) apply to a project, the Corps will include this/these requirements in any RGP verification that may be issued for a project. For an activity/project that does not require a PCN, the terms and conditions of the applicable PBO(s) also apply to that non-notifying activity/project. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its PBO and the ESA. All PBOs can be found on our website at:

https://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/ESA/.

u. If the Permittee discovers or observes any live, damaged, injured, or dead individual of an endangered or threatened species during construction, the Permittee shall immediately notify the Wilmington District Engineer so that required coordination can be initiated with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and/or National Marine Fisheries Service.

v. Permittees are advised that development activities in or near a floodway may be subject to the National Flood Insurance Program that prohibits any development, including fill, within a floodway that results in any increase in base flood elevations. This RGP does not authorize any activity prohibited by the National Flood Insurance Program.

w. The Permittee must install and maintain, at his/her expense, any signal lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, on authorized facilities. For further information, the Permittee should contact Coast Guard Sector North Carolina at (910) 772-2191 or email Coast Guard Fifth District at cgd5waterways@uscg.mil.

x. The Permittee must maintain any structure or work authorized by this RGP in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this RGP. The Permittee is not relieved of this requirement if the Permittee abandons the structure or work. Transfer in fee simple of the work authorized by this RGP will automatically transfer this RGP to the property's new owner, with all of the rights and responsibilities enumerated herein. The Permittee must inform any subsequent owner of all activities undertaken under the authority of this RGP and provide the subsequent owner with a copy of the terms and conditions of this RGP.

y. At his/her sole discretion, any time during the processing cycle, the Wilmington District Engineer may determine that this RGP will not be applicable to a specific proposal. In such case, the procedures for processing an individual permit in accordance with 33 CFR 325 will be available.

z. All fill material placed in waters or wetlands shall be generated from an upland source and will be clean and free of any pollutants except in trace quantities. Metal products, organic materials (including debris from land clearing activities), or unsightly debris will not be used.

aa. Except as authorized by this RGP or any Corps approved modification to this RGP, all excavated material will be disposed of in approved upland disposal areas.

bb. Access roads are not authorized by this RGP.

cc. Activities which have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence in reliance upon this RGP will remain authorized provided the activity is completed within twelve months of the date of the RGP's expiration, modification, or revocation. Activities completed under the authorization of this RGP that were in effect at the time the activity was completed continue to be authorized by the RGP.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

Benjamin A. Bennett Colonel, U.S. Army District Commander